THE Boston-Gazette, AND COUNTRY JOURNAL.

No. 578.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1766.

390

From the VOTES *of the House of Commons.*

Lunæ 24 Die Februarii, 1766.

A Petition of the Mayor, Aldermen, Citizens, Merchants, Tradesmen, and Manufacturers, of the City of *Worcester*, whose Names are thereunto subscribed, was presented to the House, and read; setting forth, that the present Stagnation of Trade to the *British* Colonies in *America*, occasioned, as the Petitioners apprehend, by the late Stamp-Act, and other Restrictions affecting that Trade, is severely felt by many of the Petitioners, and fills them with the most alarming Apprehensions, foreseeing in a great Measure their own, and the inevitable Ruin of Numbers of their Fellow Subjects, if some effectual Means are not immediately applied to recover and preserve so inestimable a Branch of Commerce to these Kingdoms; and therefore praying the House, to take the Premises into Consideration, and give such Relief as to the House shall seem meet.

Ordered, That the said Petition be referred to the Consideration of the Committee of the whole House, to whom it is referred, to consider further of the several Papers, which were presented to the House by Mr. Secretary *Conway*, upon the 14th, 22d, 27th, 28th, and 31st Days of *January* last, and the 5th, 10th, 17th, and 21st Days of this Instant *February*, and by Mr. *Chancellor of the Exchequer*, upon the 3d. 10th, 19th, and 21st Days of this Instant *February*, by his Majesty's Command.

The Order of the Day being read, for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House to consider further of the Supply granted to his Majesty; *Resolved*,

That this House will, upon Friday Morning next, resolve itself into the said Committee.

The Order of the Day being read, for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, to consider further of Ways and Means for raising the Supply granted to his Majesty; *Resolved*,

That this House will, upon Friday Morning next, resolve itself into the said Committee.

The other Order of the Day being read;

Mr. *Fuller* reported from the Committee of the whole House, to whom it was referred to consider further of the several Papers, which were presented to the House, by Mr. Secretary *Conway*, upon the 14th, 22d, 27th, 28th, and 31st Days of *January* last, and the 5th, 10th, 17th, and 21st Days of this Instant *February*, and by Mr. *Chancellor of the Exchequer* upon the 3d 10th, 19th, and 21st, Days of this Instant *February*, by His Majesty's Command, the Resolutions which the Committee had directed him to report to the House; which he read in his Place, and afterwards delivered in at the Table, where the same were read, and are as followeth, *viz.*

Resolved,

1. That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the King's Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons of *Great-Britain*, in Parliament assembled, had, hath, and of Right ought to have, full Power and Authority to make Laws and Statutes, of sufficient Force and Validity to bind the Colonies and People of *America*, Subjects of the Crown of *Great Britain*, in all Cases whatsoever.*

Resolved,

2d. That it appears to this Committee, that Tumults and Insurrections of the most dangerous Nature have been raised, and carried on, in several of the *North American* Colonies, in open Defiance of the Powers and Dignity of His Majesty's Government, and in manifest Violation of the Laws and Legislative Authority of this Kingdom.

Resolved,

3d. That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the said Tumults and Insurrections have been greatly countenanced and inflamed by Votes and Resolutions, passed in several of the Assemblies of the said Provinces, highly injurious to the Honour of His Majesty's Government, and tending to destroy the Legal and Constitutional Dependency of the said Colonies on the Imperial Crown and Parliament of *Great Britain*.

Resolved,

4th. That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that such Persons, who, on Account of the Desire which they have manifested to comply with, or to assist in carrying into Execution, any Acts of the Legislature of *Great Britain*, relating to the *British* Colonies in *North America*, have suffered any Injury or Damage, ought to have full and ample Compensation made to them for the same, by the respective Colonies in which such Injuries or Damages were sustained.

Resolved,

5th. That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the House be moved, to resolve and declare, that all His Majesty's Subjects, residing in the said Colonies, who have manifested their Desire to comply with, or to assist in carrying into Execution, any Acts of the Legislature of *Great Britain*, relating to the *British* Colonies in *North America*, have acted as dutiful and loyal Subjects, and are therefore intitled to, and will assuredly have, the Protection of the House of Commons of *Great Britain*.

Resolved 6. "That it is the Opinion of this Committee that all Persons, who by Reason of the Tumults and Outrages in *N. America*, have not been able to procure Stamped Paper, since passing of the Act for laying certain Duties of Stamps in the Colonies, ought to be indemnified from all Penalties, and Forfeitures, which they may have incurred by writing, ingrossing, or printing, on Paper, Vellum, or Parchment, not *duly* Stamped, as required by the said Act, under proper Restrictions."

Resolved,

7th. That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the House be moved, that Leave be given to bring in a Bill to repeal an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for granting "and applying certain Stamp Duties, and other Duties, in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in "*America*, towards further defraying the Expences "of defending, protecting, and securing the same; "and for amending such Parts of the several Acts of "Parliament, relating to the Trade and Revenues "of the said Colonies and Plantations, as direct the "Manner of determining and recovering the Penalties "and Forfeitures therein mentioned."

The First Resolution of the Committee being read a second Time; a Motion was made, and the Question being put, that the said Resolution be postponed; It passed in the Negative.

Then the said Resolution was agreed to by the House.

The three next Resolutions of the Committee being read a second Time, were agreed to by the House.

The Fifth Resolution of the Committee, that the House be moved, to resolve and declare that all his Majesty's Subjects residing in the said Colonies, who have manifested their Desire to comply with, or to assist in carrying into Execution, any Acts of the Legislature of *Great Britain*, relating to the *British* Colonies in *North America*, have acted as dutiful and loyal Subjects, and are therefore entitled to, and will assuredly have, the Protection of the House of Commons of *Great Britain*, being read a second Time;

The House was moved accordingly.

Resolved,

That this House doth resolve and declare, that all His Majesty's Subjects residing in the said Colonies, who have manifested their Desire to comply with, or to assist in carrying into Execution, any Acts of the Legislature of *Great Britain*, relating to the *British* Colonies in *North America*, have acted as dutiful and loyal Subjects, and therefore are intitled to, and will assuredly have, the Protection of the House of Commons of *Great Britain*.

The Sixth Resolution of the Committee, being read a second Time, was agreed to by the House.

The subsequent Resolution of the Committee, that the House be moved, that Leave be given to bring in a Bill to repeal an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for granting and applying certain Stamp-Duties, and other Duties, in "the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, "towards further defraying the Expences of defending, protecting, and securing the same; and for amending such Parts of the several Acts of Parliament, relating to the Trade and Revenues of the said Colonies and Plantations, as direct the Manner of determining and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures therein mentioned being read a second Time;"

And a Motion being made, that the said Resolution be re-committed;

The House was moved, that Part of an Act, made in the 5th Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for an Union of the Two Kingdoms of* England *and* Scotland, might be read.

And the same was read accordingly.

Then the Question being put, that the said Resolution be re-committed;

It passed in the Negative.

Then the House was moved, pursuant to the said Resolution.

Ordered,

That Leave be given to bring in a Bill to repeal an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for granting and applying certain Stamp Duties, and other Duties, in the *British* Colonies and "Plantations in *America*, towards further defraying "the Expences of defending, protecting, and securing "the same; and for amending such Parts of the several Acts of Parliament, relating to the Trade and "Revenues of the said Colonies and Plantations, as "direct the Manner of determining and recovering "the Penalties and Forfeitures therein mentioned;" and that Mr. *Fuller*, Mr. Secretary *Conway*, Mr. *Pitt*, Mr. *Townshend*, Mr *Chancellor of the Exchequer*, Sir *George Savile*, Lord *John Cavendish*, Mr. *Thomas Townshend*, Junior, Mr. *Onslow*, Mr. *Attorney General*, Mr. *Solicitor General*, Mr. *Cooper*, Mr. Alderman *Beckford*, Mr. *Hussey*, Mr. *Prowse*, Sir *William Baker*, Mr. *Cooke*, Sir *William Meredith*, Colonel *Barre*, and Mr. *Burke*, do prepare, and bring in, the same.

A Motion was made, and the Question being put that it be an Instruction to the said Gentlemen, that they do make effectual Provision, in the said Bill, for preserving the just Rights and Authority of the *British* Legislature, by directing all Votes and Resolutions of the Assemblies of any of the *American* Colonies, repugnant to the said Rights and Authority, to be erased and expunged before the said Repeal shall take Place in such respective Colonies;

It passed in the Negative.

Ordered,

That a Bill, or Bills, be brought in, upon the First and Sixth of the said Resolutions; and that Mr. *Fuller*, Mr. Secretary *Conway*, Mr. *Chancellor of the Exchequer*, Lord *John Cavendish*, Mr. *Thomas Townshend*, Junior, Mr. *Onslow*, Mr. *Attorney General*, Mr. *Solicitor General*, and Mr. *Cooper*, do prepare, and bring in, the same.

Ordered,

That the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth, of the said Resolutions, be humbly laid before his Majesty.

Resolved,

That an humble Address be presented to His Majesty, humbly to desire that His Majesty will be graciously pleased to give Directions, that the said Resolutions be transmitted to the Governors of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, to be by them communicated to the Assemblies of their respective Governments.

Ordered,

That the said Address be presented to His Majesty, by such Members of this House, as are of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Now in the PRESS,

And will be speedily Published, for the Benefit of the North-American Colonies.

AN ABSTRACT of the most useful and interesting Parts of a late TREATISE on HEMP, translated from the *French* of *Monsieur Marcandier*, and inscribed by the Editor at London, to the Society for the Improvement of Arts, Manufactures and Commerce; being much recommended, as it affords Entertainment to the Curious, as well as great Encouragement to the Growers and Manufacturers of HEMP, from some very late Discoveries and Experiments in the Method (not heretofore in Practice) of preparing that valuable Material for its various Applications, for the Use of Mankind.

* which afterwards passed into an Act, Called the Declaratory Bill of the Sovereignty of Great Britian over the Colonies, see 792 in Appendix ooooooooo vide the act pa. 53

Vide a Full Accounts of the Riots & Disturbances in North America occasioned by the Stamp Act — also all the Resolves of the Houses, referred to in these Resolves — & under their respective heads in the Index.

Wednesday next, at XI o'Clock, will be Sold by Public Vendue on *Treat's* Wharff;

12 Hogsheads of good Muscovado SUGARS—Samples may be seen at the Place of Sale.

J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

Imported in the last Ships from *London*, *And to be Sold cheap for Cash, by*

Ame & Elizabeth Cuming,

At their Shop opposite to the Old Brick Meeting-House in Cornhill, BOSTON.

A Fresh Assortment of Millenary Ware, &c.

TO BE LETT.

A Dwelling-House, situate in Fish Street, convenient either for Tavern or Shop, lately occupied by Capt. *Ebenezer Frost* For further Particulars, inquire of Capt. *John Dobel*, living at the North End, *Boston*.

N. B. Also two good Stores to Lett.

TO BE SOLD.

A Dwelling-House and Land, convenient for two Families, and well situated for Shopkeeping, near the Mill-Bridge. For further Particulars, inquire of *G. B. Gedney*, at his Shop adjoining the Draw-Bridge.

Turpentine,

ALSO Pitch and Tarr, Cod and Mackrel Hooks, Lines and Leads, to be sold at the Impost-Office, where may be had, Ship Chandler's Stores of all Kinds, on reasonable Terms.

To be Hired, or Sold,

A small Schooner, burthen 18 Tons, newly Graved, good Sails & Rigging, Anchors and Cables, now lying at Capt. *Newell's* Wharff. For further Particulars, inquire of Mr. *John Malony*, at the Head of Wing's-Lane, or of the Printers.

From the PUBLIC LEDGER, *Feb.* 21, 1766.

To the Printer *of the* Public Ledger.

THE approbation, your Paper deserves, and has of us, renders us desirous of communicating our sentiments therein. We are your Brethren,

Feb. 20. The PEOPLE.

Lord

IN addressing ourselves to You it is needless to mention your name, because it is impossible that any man in the King's dominions should create such an idea as you do, or misapply ours. We do not here mean to accuse or discuss. Things only in their last issue become objects worthy of US. Though our reasoning may be diffusive, our judgment is decisive. Thence it is that, in the Majesty of the Constitution, we are now to declare "your principles diametrically opposite to those which support our Government; the reverse of his, who is here proper to enjoy the Ear of Majesty, or have any Influence in the State."

This declaration, thus made, is an instance of our moderation and of your guilt. Use it and deceive yourself not in the undervaluing opinion, which the superior part of us is wont to annex to vulgarity. The FEW overlook the Generality only from the custom of leading it. But when any important event calls upon the *whole Nation*, grasping us all in its consequences, *Every man in it is One of US.*

In such circumstances we may be unfortunate, but we cannot be wrong. We judge of Measures by their Consequences: and of Men by their Actions; hear, see and speak, with the Ears, Eyes and Voice, of Reason and Nature... The King is our Governor, the Law of the Land our common Bond, and Heaven is our Guide. Filled as we are then with the purpose before us (without a comment on the means, manner, or excess of that Iniquity, which would damp the Glory of Britain, break her Power and destroy her Peace!) know that we will proceed to execute it. We will collect Ourselves, approach our Sovereign, and implore Him to blot out your name from the list of P—y C——s, ◊ and forbid you his presence. For he, who, in the high office of counselling a King and directing an Empire, acts upon principles destructive of the happiness of the one, of the welfare of the other, and of the good of both; HE is a wicked Man, a Traitor, and must be treated as Such.

Shun then, while you may, not only the appearance of Business, but even the Suspicion of Intrigue. Heaven may forgive you, but you can never attone to US. If a Virtue, or the appearance of one, dwells within your bosom retire with it, and pulling its chain, catch at the next link. There endeavour to hold, satisfied with the Evil you have done. By reading, and then contemplating of the dreary side of human life, cheat yourself back to your real exilence; retire, and live, die, and go to Heaven, if you will.

◊ Privy Councellors

LONDON Feb 25

Isle Vigorce Extraordinary from North America.

At a congress of the deputies from the malefactors and debtors of the several Provinces of New England, New York, Pensylvania, Carolina, &c. &c.

1 Resolved, That it is the undoubted birth right and privilege of Englishmen to be bound and governed by no laws but those only which are of their own making.

2 Resolved, That nine hundred and ninety nine parts out of a thousand of the laws which now do, or lately did prevail in these provinces, were not made in the colonies, but were imported to us from G. B.

3. Resolved, That all those laws are *ipso facto*, null and void; and that a submission to them is a submission to an usurpation on our inherent rights and liberties.

4. Resolved, That all natural-born Americans, who were hanged, whipped, pillored, or otherwise maltreated for actions, which these laws call *crimes*, or who are imprisoned for not paying sums of money, which these laws call *debts*, were illegally and unconstitutionally hanged, whipped, pillored, male treated, or imprisoned.

5 Resolved, That all natural-born Americans, who are now detained in any of the prisons of Boston, New-York, Pensylvania, Charles-Town, &c. &c. for a supposed violation of any of the said pretended laws of Great Britain, are unjustly detained and imprisoned, and ought to be instantly set free; it being evident to common sense that the Parliament of Great Britain can have no right to make laws to affect our lives, if they have no right to make laws to affect our purses.

6 Resolved, therefore, That our friends and constituents in each province be required to furnish out their respective quotas of men and money towards the accomplishment of this glorious work of liberty of opening all the goals, and setting the prisoners free.

7 Resolved, That the thanks of this congress are peculiarly due to that truely great and eminent Patriot on the other side of the water, whose *divine speeches* in the cause of liberty have opened our eyes, and roused our courage to throw off those chains, which have so long enslaved a free-born people.

8 Resolved, That he be presented with the freedom of America, and of our castles in particular, in a box of gold with this inscription: "To the wise assertor of the liberties of mankind, and to the illustrious patron of America, the acknowledgements and vows of the grateful Americans.

9 Resolved, That the thanks of this congress be also given to our quondam American, and Whitefieldian preacher, for proving so learnedly and philosophically, That it is much better for Great Britain to remove a province to America, than for America to remain a province to Great Britain. ◊

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.

Monday last arrived here Capt. Keith, in the Ship Hibernia, who left Londonderry the 11th of March, by him we have Extracts of the following Letters, viz.

In a Letter from a Gentleman in Londonderry, dated the Eighth of March, he gives his Friends Joy of the Repeal of the Stamp Act by the House of Commons.

But in another Letter from the same Place, dated the Ninth of March, it is said, "This Day's Packet bro't to this Town, the agreeable News of the Stamp-Act being repealed; which, be assured, gives us infinite Pleasure here."—*By this, it is hoped, is meant a Repeal by the House of Lords as well as Commons.*

By a Gentleman from South-Carolina we have Advice, that the Courts were opened at Charles-Town, on the 1st Instant; and that the Clerk of the Crown and Peace, on refusing to act, was suspended by the Court, and another appointed.

NEW-YORK, April 21.

Montreal, March 20, 1766.

To the Printer of the New York Mercury.

THE Calamities and Distresses occasioned by the Stamp Act in this Place is inconceiveable; it certainly is the greatest Imposition that ever any Country met with; they not only would impose a severe Tax as ever was known yet, but they have cramped us by such Morsels of Paper, that you must buy two or three of the same Sort, to answer or serve for some Instruments so that you very often pay double or treble what is mentioned in the Act, and not that same, but the Dollars are often taken through Imposition, but at 4*s.* 4*d.* Sterling: Nay, when in haste, you are often obliged to take Four Shillings, and the Stamp Master wont give you a Farthing Change, if they dont get two or three Coppers by it; and Change is so scarce that you may hunt 2 or 3 Hours for the Change of a Dollar; in the mean Time your Opportunity of transacting your Affairs is lost: In short, tis grievous, doleful, and vexatious. There is a certain honest worthy Justice at this Place, in the Country, that never troubles his Head about them, nor is he as yet taken Notice of; he certainly deserves Applause. I'm a Member of the Quil, and it grieves me to see the Calamities attending the damn'd Stamp Act; and I'm much damaged by it in Business, particularly being in publick Office, and where I formerly made Eighty Pounds a Year, I now dont make Fifty of my Office: I say, God support you in your Resolutions and Endeavours to oppose it.

NEWPORT April 21

WILLIAM READ, Esq; of this Town, at the request of some of the Sons of Liberty hath generously given to a Number of Gentlemen as Feoffees in Trust for the Sons of Liberty, a large Button Wood Tree at the North End of Thames Street, with a piece of Land adjoining thereto, sufficient for the Accommodation of the Sons of Liberty.—The Consideration, Uses, and Designs mentioned in the Deed are as follows, viz.

"For and in Consideration of the Love of my Country, and an ardent Desire to perpetuate to the latest Posterity, the Liberties and Privileges handed down by my glorious Ancestors."—I give &c.—

To and for the Uses, &c.—That the said Tree be forever hereafter known by the Name of the TREE OF LIBERTY, and be set apart to and for the Use of the SONS OF LIBERTY, and that the same stand a Monument of the spirited and noble Opposition made to the Stamp Act in the Year One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty five, by the SONS OF LIBERTY in Newport, Rhode Island, and throughout the Continent of America:—And be considered as emblematical of *Public Liberty*:—Of her taking deep Root in *English America*:—Of her Strength and spreading Protection, by her benign Influences, refreshing her Sons in all their just Struggles against the Attempts of Tyranny and Oppression:—And furthermore, the said Tree of Liberty is destined and set apart for exposing to public Ignominy and Reproach all Offenders against the Liberties of their Country, and Abettors and Approvers of such as would enslave her.—And that the same may be repaired to upon all Rejoicings, on Account of the Rescue and Deliverance of Liberty from any Danger she may have been in, of being subverted and overthrown.

And furthermore, that the said Tree of Liberty stand a Memorial of the firm and unshaken Loyalty of the American Sons of Liberty, to his Majesty King George the Third, and of their inviolable Attachment to the happy Establishment of the Protestant Succession in the ILLUSTRIOUS HOUSE OF HANOVER. And in general, said Tree is hereby conveyed to and for such other Uses as they the true born Sons of Liberty shall from Time to Time, from Age to Age, and in all Times and Ages forever hereafter apprehend, judge and resolve, may subserve the glorious Cause of *Public Liberty*."

BOSTON, April 28.

Wednesday next Mr. PENUEL BOWEN, is to be Ordained at the New-South Church in this Town, as Colleague with the Rev. Mr. SAMUEL CHECKLEY.

By Captain Ayres who arrived here last Friday from the (Shawla) Island of Barbadoes, we learn, That Provisions were very high and very scarce at that Island; and 'tis thought the Sons of Liberty throughout the Continent will join in preventing their receiving a further Supply, till they become Freemen.

The Remains of Mr. William Palfrey, as mention'd in the last Page of this Paper to be inter'd on Saturday last, is a Mistake. His Funeral is to be attended this Afternoon.

☞ AS the Writer in our Gazette of the 14th Instant, who signs himself A FRIEND TO GOOD MEN, shot so wide of *his Mark*, we think it our Duty to inform the Subscribers to the Piece from *Dedham*, in our Supplement of this Day, that, if they *aim* at the same Gentleman, they are greatly mistaken in the Object of their Resentment. This Hint we hope they will take kindly, from THE PRINTERS.

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in London dated March 4. 1766.

INclosed is a Piece I cut out from the *Public Advertiser*, and I think very well wrote in the droll Way, and very true every tittle of it: The Hint he gives concerning a certain American Governor's Papers not being laid before a certain Assembly, are the Letters wrote by G—v—r B—d, setting forth the bad Consequences of imposing the Stamp Act, and which Papers were smuggled by Mr. *G—v—lle*, and never were intended to be laid before the Parliament; and G—r B—d's Conduct was greatly called in Question for Want of Spirit; but these Letters coming to light (and are really well wrote) turn the Tide of Affairs again in his Favour. We have been so happy as to carry it in the House of Commons for a Repeal of the Stamp-Act, and the new Regulations with Regard to Extending the Power of the Courts of Vice-Admiralty by 108 Majority; the House divided upon the Question being put, and were as follows, For the Question 275, against 167: And this Week the Report will be made before the House of Lords, and our Fate there determined: Great Opposition is making, but we flatter ourselves we shall carry it; Lord Chesterfield has qualified himself on Purpose to give his Vote for a Repeal; and the Duke of Richmond is come from France for the same Purpose."—[*The Piece refer'd to in the above Extract, we are oblig'd to omit for want of Room.*]

Extract of a Letter from London, March 3. 1766.

"Mr. Barnard's Letter to the publick Offices here have been read in both Houses of Parliament, and have not only done great Credit to himself, but contributed much to the Repeal of the Stamp Act."

◊ Privy Councellors ‖ Governor Barnard ‖ Grenville ‖ Supposed to be Lord Bute.

v An Impudent burlesque on the Exertions of the brave Americans. ‖‖‖‖‖‖‖ vide p. 384. ‖ vide page 394. ‖ vide y^e Add pa. 53

To the PRINTERS.

THE Writer of a Letter said to be from a Merchant in London, inserted in the last Friday's Gazette says, "That the Hint in one of the English Prints concerning an American Governor's Papers, not being laid before a certain Assembly, are the Letters wrote by G—r B—d setting forth the bad Consequences of imposing the Stamp Act —I should be very glad if the Public could be assured that G—r B—d had been the Author of such Letters, so interesting in Behalf of the Colonies: But I apprehend the Letter Writer is mistaken:— The "timely and exact Intelligence transmitted by an American Governor," mentioned in the Paper to which he has Reference, it is probable, respects the humble Petition of some one Assembly of the Colonies, against the Stamp Act; for we know that all the Assemblies wrote such Petitions, upon the first Accounts that such an Act was designed; and those Petitions, I suppose, were transmitted by their respective Governors, as ours was by G—r B—d: This seems to correspond with a Letter from London, of nearly the same Date with the above mentioned, which says, That "the humble Remonstrance which your Province had heretofore sent, against the Bill imposing Stamp Duties in America passing into a Law, was well received by the King in Council; and the same was delivered by the Council to Mr. G—n—le, to be laid before the House; but he thought proper to decline it, and the House never saw it 'till now"—"for which it is thought he will be impeach'd," &c.

But to shew how improbable it is that G—r B—d by any of his Letters has set forth the bad Consequences of imposing the Stamp Act, let us recur to a SPEECH made the 30th of May last, Part of which is in these Words. "The general Settlement of the American Provinces—must necessarily produce some Regulations, which from their Novelty ONLY, will appear disagreeable"—Among these Regulations, no doubt but the Stamp Act is here intended as one—After which the Speech continues, "But I am convinced, and doubt not but Experience will confirm it, that they will operate, as they are designed, for the Benefit and Advantage of the Colonies." Can it then be supposed that a Gentleman of Sincerity, would at the same Time declare, in Terms which should look as if he designed to be believed, that the imposing the Stamp Act would be attended with bad Consequences!

But to put the Matter beyond all Doubt, whether G—r B—d can be supposed to be the Author of such a Letter, without Imputation of Prevarication; let us turn to a few Passages in another Speech, made the 8th of November following, viz. "Nor can it, WITH ANY TRUTH, be pretended that I have had it in my Power to have oppos'd it by any Means whatsoever,"—I suppose setting forth by Letters to a Minister, the bad Consequences of an Act, is one Means of opposing it, and a very justifiable one; and what might have been expected from a G——r. It seems our Letter Writer and others, as he says, thought so; and he tells us that "G—r B—d's Conduct was greatly called in Question for want of Spirit," till his supposed Letters, which "were really wrote well", came to Light—But are we not told in this Speech (it is indeed Question wise) I say, would not a Gentleman of G——r B—d's Sincerity have us believe, from the Questions he puts in the Speech, that "he never had any Opportunity of EXPRESSING his Sentiments of the Act," that "his Advice to his Majesty's Ministers relating to it, would be deem'd an Obtrusion"; that "it was a Business belonging to a Department with which he had not the Honor to correspond"; that "he had NO PRETENCE to interpose in it"; and finally, that "he did not believe ANY Governor in America had PRESUMED to EXPRESS his Sentiments AGAINST the Act."

Upon the Whole, I think it is an Affront to the Integrity of G—r B—d, to suppose him to be the Author of this or any other Letter wrote AGAINST the Stamp Act; that our Letter-writer discovers himself to be disaffected to him; and that the Publishers of the Letter, as well as the Public itself, are abused by it.

Your's, VERITAS.

Samuel Eliot

Continues to sell at the very lowest Rates,
By Wholesale and Retail,
At his Shop near the Head of Dock-Square,
Just above the Market;

A General Assortment of English GOODS.

At the same Place may be had near the prime Cost,

A General Assortment of India Silks. Mens Silk Hose, very nice chip Bonnetts trim'd with Ribbon, &c.

Scotch Carpets, Green Tea, Butt Soles, London Starch, Metal Buttons, Ivory Combs, &c. *Very low.*

To be Sold cheap for Cash, choice *Barbados* SUGAR and RUM, on board the Brig. *Nelly, James Ayres*, Master, lying at the Back of Store No. 19, on the Long-Wharff.

Robert Gould,

Hereby acquaints his Customers, and others, That he has just imported from *London*, in the Ship *Boscawen*, Capt. *Jacobson*, a general Assortment of European Goods, and to be Sold at his Store in Back Street, near the Mill-Bridge, viz.

Pompadour, claret, cinnamon, scarlet, crimson, blue and other coloured broad cloths, new marble cloths, german serges, half thicks, frizes, drapery braize, white flannels, stript swanskins, embos'd serges, rammies, shalloons, callimancoes, worsted damasks, water'd grograms, plain stript and figured cambletts, brocaded Queen stuffs, double allopeens, Venetian poplins, sagathees, duroys, pillow'd fustians, thicksets, a good assortment of best 3 4 & 7 8 Lloyd's garlix, irish linnens dowlass oznabrigs and ticklinburg, 3 4 & 7 8 linen checks, 7 8 4 4 & 5 4 cotton checks, 6 4 & 8 4 diaper and damask table cloths, 10 4 damask ditto with napkins, a good assortment of callicoes, chints, patches and printed linnens; plain clear lawns, flowered lawns, cambricks, muslin, silk and muslin gauze, white and black catgut, pistol lawns, peeling sattin, figured mode, black and crimson plain and sprig'd sattin, rich plain white sattin, strip'd and flowered lutestrings, white farsnet, black taffaties, alamode and other plain and figured silks, black Barcelona handkerchiefs, black silk cravats, Balladine sewing silks, fashionable ribbons and fans, white and black lace, snail and blown lace, fancy trimmings & spotted ermine, crewels, Mens and Womens buckrams, white and coloured threads, mens and womens hose, pins, needles, gartering, &c. &c — *Where may be had.*—

Best Bohea Tea, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Mace, new South Carolina Rice, best French Indigo, Stone and Delph Ware, best Virginia Tobacco by the Cask, Geese and Hen Feathers, Welsh Ale by the Cask, and best Swansey Smith's Coal.

Imported in Captain *Jacobson* from *LONDON*, and to be Sold by

William Wingfield,

At his Shop in Union-Street, opposite the Conduit, *BOSTON*, viz.

BROWN Ducaps, Brocades, green blue & rose coloured English Damasks, a great Variety of Lutestrings, Cap Laces, Chinces & Callicoes; Ivory and Leather Mount Fanns, best French & common Neeklaces, blue, white, crimson, black & murray Sattins, Womens best white & black open work silk Gloves, black & coloured silk Mitts, fine white and black Catgutt, Cambricks & Lawns, black Crimson and blue Cardinal Silks, Sewing Silks of all Colours, Broglioes; brocaded Shoes & Clogs, black & blue Sattin Shoes, black, green & yellow Taffitys, blue & black Paduasoys, pink & murray Mantua Silk, best scarlett & crimson Snale, a Variety of Ribbons, several Sett of the best Pencil'd Chaney, black Laces, Trolley Laces, & a great Variety of other Goods, sutiable for all Seasons. &c.

Gold and Silver Lace.

A large and good Assortment belonging to the Estate of the late *Richard Martyn*, deceased, continue selling off very cheap for Cash. Also Gold Vellum, Cord-Chain, Looping and Twist. Enquire at *John Kneeland's* Shop in Union-Street.

To be Sold on Tuesday the Third

Day of *June* next, at Public Vendue,—The whole of the Real Estate, with its Appurtenances, of Mr. *William Antram* of *Providence*—and consists of one Lot of Land lying in the compact Part of said *Providence*, a little to the Northward of the Baptist Meeting House, with a good Wharff and a large commodious Dwelling-House standing thereon. And also two other Lots of Land a little to the Southward of said Baptist Meeting House, with a large convenient Wharf, Dwelling House, Distill House with two Stills, one containing near Six Hundred Gallons, the other about 130, with Worms, Worm Tubs, and other Utensils necessary for carrying on the Distilling Business.—Likewise a Dwelling House and three Store Houses on said Lotts. The Sale to begin at Two of the Clock Afternoon. Conditions of Sale to be seen at the Time of Sale.

George Jackson,
Samuel Nightingale, } Assignees
James Angell,

All Persons indebted to, or have any Demands on the Estate of *Richard Barnard* some Years ago deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to *Jonathan, Samuel* and *Hannah Barnard*, Administrators on the same. *Boston, April* 26 1766.

A wet Nurse with a good young Breast of Milk, can be well Recommended, would go into a Gentelman's Family to suckle, enquire of Edes & Gill.

IMPORTED from LONDON, and to be Sold

By John Symmes,

Near the Golden Ball, Boston, viz.

BEST neat Shoe & Knee Chapes, round brilliant Button stones, round & square cypher ditto, brilliant & cypher Earing ditto, brilliant and cypher Ring stones, Ring sparks, motto Christian's, best ruby & white Foyle, Buckle Brushes; rough, bastard & smooth Files, brass tinning Wire Iron binding Wire, black-lead Pots, Cruisables, Borax, &c. &c. Cheap for Cash —N. B. All Sorts of Goldsmith's and Jeweller's Work done in the neatest Manner at said shop.

Just Imported from LONDON,
And to be Sold
By James Doyle,

In Fore street, at the Bottom of Old-North Meeting House Lane, BOSTON.

ALL Sorts of Cloaths, Ready-made, of the best Cloths and newest Fashion. Also all Sorts of Sailor's Cloaths, where Country Chapmen and others may be suited, by Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest Prices and best Manner.

Likewise, Fine Broad Cloaths, fine Irish Cloaths, and Cotton Checks, with sundry other Goods not mentioned.

N. B. The above Goods will be Sold at prime Cost, for the Sake of ready Money only.

TO BE SOLD,
By Benjamin Church,

At his usual Place of Sale on THURSDAY next,

BRoad Cloths, Kerseys, Whitneys, Cambletts, Tammies Irish Hollands, Checks, Bed-Tickens Chints, figur'd Cottons, Lawns, Gauzes, Handkerchiefs, Mens Hose, Stone Buckles, Buttons, Seals, &c. &c. some Wearing Apparel, Silver Watches, &c. &c. &c. Sundry Articles of Houshold, viz. Mehogany & Black Walnut Chair Frames, Mehogany Rule Joint Tables, Tea Tables, Feather Beds, Bedsteads, Chairs, &c.

N. B. A Beautiful 8 Day Clock, to be Warranted.

To be Sold at Public VENDUE,
By *Moses Deshon*,

At the newest Auction-Room, opposite the West End of *Faneuil*-Hall, Dock-Square; Next Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday Evenings;

3-4, 7-8, and yard-wide Irish Linnen, 3 4 7 8, yard-wide and 6 4 Check, check Handkerchiefs, Bedtics, strip'd Hollands, Mens and Womens Hose, Shoes, Lawns, Writing Paper, &c. Household Furniture, Books, Stock Locks, &c.

At the New Auction-Room now kept by
ELIAS DUPEE,
Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
To morrow, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,
to begin at 3 o'Clock, P. M. on each Day.

A *Blue Harratean East Chair, Mahogany Desk and Tables, a Case of Draws, Looking Glasses, Pictures, and other Furniture.—ALSO,*

Broad Cloth, Kerseys, green Baize, Bunting, Irish Linnen, cut Velvet, spotted Lawn, worsted and silk Jacket Patterns, silk Breeches Patterns, Silk Hose, Sewing Silk, Gold and Silver Lace, Silver Watches, Stone Broaches, Watch Chains and Seals, Mens Shoes and Hats, Caulking Irons, Knives and Cuttoes, China and Delph Plates, and a Variety of other Articles.

——*Four Crates Liverpool Ware.*——

☞ *Cloth Ridinghoods, Sole Leather, and Silk Bed Quilts, at private Sale.*

(For other Advertisements, &c. see the last Page, and SUPPLEMENT)

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON*,
ENTERED IN.

Hall, Sanford and Wells from Connecticut, Binney from Cadiz, Chipman, Donnell and Hail from North-Carolina, McLean from Ireland, Pote from Lisbon, Prichard from Virginia, Newcomb from Maryland, Shaw from Swanzey, Walker from Surranam, Ayres from Barbados, Pain from Montserat, and Jacobson from London.

OUTWARD BOUND.

Hurd for Connecticut, Chapman for North Carolina, Manley and Bazin for West Indies, Butler for Barbados, Bell for Belfast and Glasgow, Smith for London.

Buried in the Town of Boston, since our last,
Five Whites. Two Blacks.
Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Nine.

High Water at Boston, *for this present Week.*

Monday,	30 m after 2	Friday,	39 m after 5
Tuesday,	17 m after 3	Saturday,	55 m after 6
Wednesday	11 m after 4	Lord's day	47 m after 7
Thursday,	10 m after 5		☽'s last Q. 1st Day 4 Aft.

* Governor Barnard page 88. = vide page 95 ~~ vide page 265. ◊ Greenville ‖ Governor ∧ Virgina petition ¶ page 45. ∧ See our petition 1111111 vide ¶ dit page 53

vide p. 43

LONDON, *Feb.* 12.

ON Saturday last a Nobleman, at the Head of one of the public Departments, and who for his seasonable Interposition on this Occasion deserves to have a Statute of Gold erected to his Memory, forced himself into a great Lady's Closet, and there told her in the roundest Terms, that if a certain Person was permitted to drive on Matters much longer to greater Extremity, that the Consequences would, probably, be fatal to the said Person, as he could not answer for it, but he might be massacred, &c. and in all Appearance highly dangerous to the Peace and Tranquility of the Kingdoms: That his Attachment to his Sovereign and the Royal Family upon the Throne, would not permit him to be silent, and he begged for God's Sake that his Information might be properly attended to. On this the Person in Question, and another much greater were sent for, who sat up all Night with the Lady in Consultation; after which it was resolved, that Mr. Pitt and the present Ministry should have a *Charte Blanche* to do as they pleased; that a certain offensive Act should be repealed; that the great Commoner and C. Townsend, Esq; should be appointed joint Secretaries; that the Duke of Grafton should be made Master of the Horse, General Conway and his Grace of Newcastle have honourable Appointments, the Marquis of Rockingham be continued in his Post, and the rest of the Ministry be properly provided for. A certain noble Family not far from Hyde Park Corner, are to be left entirely out. Mr Pitt

Stamp Act vide pa. 53

BOSTON, *April* 28

Extract of a Letter from a Rev. Divine in London, dated March 3, 1766.

"Blessed be God the Act is repealed, after a terrible Struggle.—O that Boston, that America may be truly thankful and humble, and frugal, and not insult the Parliament in their Rejoicings, for this would render you odious to those who have been your firm Friends. Thus much I am authorised by Dr. C***r to write, who was desired by the Ministry to write to his Friends to the same Purpose."

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in London, to John Hancock, *Esq; dated March* 1.

"You will receive by the Packet a Letter sign'd by the Committee of North-American Merchants, a Copy of which is sent to the principal Towns of the Continent, by which you'll see what has been done in and how that Affair is situated, as also what are their Sentiments upon it: For our Parts we sincerely hope, you and all North-Americans will act such a Part on this Occasion, as will do honour to yourselves and us, and convince the People of England that you are faithful and loyal Subjects, and sincerely attach'd to this Country."

Extract of a Letter of the same Date as the preceding.

"The humble Remonstrances which your Province had heretofore sent hither, against the Bill imposing Stamp Duties in America passing into a Law, was well received by the King in Council, and the same was delivered by the Council to Mr. G*****le, then first L—d of the T——y and a leading Man in the House, in order to be laid before the Parliament; but this he thought proper to decline, and the House never saw, until now, what it is thought would doubtless have prevented the Act from being passed; for which Disobedience of the Order of Council, and daring to secret Papers which he was directed to communicate, it is thought he will be impeached before the Rising of the House. I sincerely congratulate you upon this mighty Acquisition, which I hope may be properly resented, and that it may have the salutary Tendency of uniting again to the Body the broken and disjointed Members. The late Restrictions upon your Trade will probably be taken off, so that America will have all they wish for."

Grenville Lord of Treasury

Extract of a Letter from an eminent House in London, *to a Gentleman in this Town, dated London, March* 6. 1766.

—"Captain Jacobson sailed Yesterday from Gravesend, as the Wind is S. W. I expect this will overtake him in the Downs To-morrow, and the chief Purport thereof is to acquaint you, that the Bill for Repealing the Stamp Act was read for the last Time in the House of Commons on Tuesday last; and after many Debates pro and con, which lasted from three in the Afternoon to one o'clock in the Morning, the Bill was passed for the Repeal of the Act by a Majority of 128; on which we sincerely congratulate you as well as the rest of our American Friends, as thinking we have in a great Measure got over the Business we have been soliciting for; however, we have a great deal to do before said Vote is carried into a Law, as we expect, conformable to what we wrote you in our last, the same Business to go over again into the House of Lords.—The Bill was carried up to them Yesterday attended by the 250 worthy Members who voted for the Repeal of the Act, and a Deputation from the Committee of Merchants, attended with our Petition for the Repeal of the Act, which was delivered by Lord Dartmouth, with a very genteel Speech applicable to the Occasion, and the Petition was well received by the House.—The principal Speakers against the Bill were Lord Temple, Lord Littleton, and for it the D. of Newcastle, D. of Grafton, and L. Egmont; however, it was read for the first Time, the second Reading is ordered for To-morrow, and the Committee of Merchants is to attend; and I conceive the greatest Hopes that we shall get the Act finished by the Middle of next Week, unless their Lordships should come to a Resolution to examine Witnesses for Proof of the Facts set forth in the Petition; if so, we shall have the same Dance to go over again in the House of Lords, as we have had before the House of Commons: However, you may assure your self it will center in nothing worse than keeping us longer in Suspence, having a certain Majority in the House, though but small; and his Majesty's Instructions to his Ministry is to consent to the Prayer of our Petition, provided the Lords should join with the Commons in a Repeal of the Act."—

It is said, that Eleven Bishops out of Thirteen, are against the Bill for the Repeal.*

Capt. Hunter from this Place, arrived at Dover the 5th March.—The Brig Lydia, Scott, at Dover the 6th. Capt. Shand for this Place, was to sail the 8th March. Capts. Blake, and Cossin, about the Middle of March; and Captain Marshal in a Week after.

The Ship Boston-Packet, John Marshal, Commander, owned here by John Hancock, Esq; Merchant, was the first Ship that cleared out at this Port, without stamped Papers after the first of November, and we hear was Entered at the Custom-House in London, without any the least Difficulty.

Monday last the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Boston, met at Faneuil-Hall, when they were well pleas'd with the Accounts which had been received from Home, in Regard to the Progress of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act; whereupon they voted the Methods to exhibit their Joy, when the Account shall arrive of the Bill for a Repeal has passed the whole Legislature.

At the said Meeting the following Vote also passed:

VOTED, *unanimously*, that the Magistrates of the Town, the Selectmen, Firewards, Constables and Enginemen be desired to use their utmost Endeavours, to prevent any Bonfire being made in any Part of the Town, also the throwing of Rockets, Squibs, and other Fireworks in any of the Streets of said Town, except the Time that shall be appointed for general Rejoicings; and that the Inhabitants be desired for the present to restrain their Children and Servants from going abroad on Evenings.

The Packet for New-York, which had Orders to sail with Mails to the first of March, it is reported was again stopped until the Bill for the Repeal of the Stamp Act was finished.

We hear that on the 3d Instant, the Dwelling House of Mr. Moses Curtis of Braintree was entirely consumed by Fire, with most of the Furniture —— The Loss is computed at about £.200 Law. Money.

On Friday last came to Town, and was Shipped on board Capt. Davis for England, a Ton of *Pearl Ashes*, made by Mr. Henry Barnes at Marlborough, a Sample of which was viewed by the Dealers in that Commodity, who declared it superior to the foreign Pearl Ashes usually imported here from England.

On Friday Evening the 18th Inst. departed this Life Mrs. *Elizabeth Church*, the amiable Consort of Mr. *Edward Church*, in the 28th Year of her Age; a Lady conspicuous for her numerous Accomplishments, and whose loss is universally regretted.

The same Night, Mr. Henry Price a young Gentleman just setting out in Life as a Physician, was seized in his Bed with an Apoplexy, and expired on Monday Night following, Æt 22.

Wednesday Morning last died here in the 85th Year of his Age, Mr. William Palfrey, for many Years a noted Sailmaker in this Town; during the whole Course of his Business, which was long and extensive, he sustained the best of Characters, that of a truly religious, and strictly HONEST Man. He has left upwards of 50 Children, Grand children, and Great grand children. His Remains were decently interred on Saturday last.

Danvers, April 19th.

LAST Evening died here, Madam *Mary Prescott*, in the 81st Year of her Age; the amiable Consort of *Benjamin Prescott*, Esq;—She was eldest Daughter of the late Honorable *William Pepperrell*, Esq; of *Kittery*; and eldest Sister of the late Honorable Sir *William Pepperrell*, Bart.

It may be afferted without Flattery, that as Madam *Prescott* pass'd thro' the various Stages, Stations, and Relations of a protracted Life, she richly adorn'd them *All* by a fair Exhibition of those Graces, and Qualities, which compleat the Character of the Christian and Gentlewoman. Her Form was beauteous— But,

"*The* Second Temple *of the rising* Just,
"*Shall far exceed the Glories of the* First.

Wenham, April 21, 1766.

Within a few Months past have died in this Town, (which is one of, if not the least Town in the Province) four Persons, (if one who was an Inhabitant above 70 Years, but had removed out of Town some Months before she died, may come into the Account) whose Ages collected makes 352 Years; and there are now living nine Persons, whose Ages amount to 740 Years, at a moderate Computation; and what is worthy Remark, there has been near the same Number of aged Persons living in the Town for about 45 Years past, several of whom were above 90 Years old, and I think 3 or 4 above 95.

To be Sold at Publick Vendue,
By John Harris,
Next Door to the Red Lyon;
This Evening, and Next Thursday Evening.

RAzens, Kerseys, Shalloons, 7 8 and yard wide Irish Linnens, Garlix, Checks, Lawns, silk and Linnen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Hose, Hair Plush, Buttons, Caps, Hatts, Feather Beds, Watches, Pictures under Glass, Looking Glasses, Tables, &c.

Public Vendue.

To be Sold by Public Vendue, at the Store under *Green* and *Russell*'s Printing Office, in Queen-Street, on TUESDAY the 29th of *April* Inst, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning.

A Variety of House Furniture,
belonging to the Estate of a Gentleman lately deceas'd, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Looking-Glasses, Feather Beds and Bedding, some Plate, a very beautiful japann'd and gilt Cabinet, Kitchen Furniture, &c. &c.
J. RUSSELL, *Auctioneer.*

AT PRIVATE SALE.

A strong well-built SLOOP,
Burthen 65 Tons, is not one Year old, extremely well found, and a prime Sailer.—For further Particulars, inquire of J Russell,—of whom may be had an Inventory of her Stores.

ALSO,

A sprightly, active Negro Woman about 24 Years of Age, who can do all Kind of House Business, and have a good Recommendation.

TO BE SOLD,

A convenient and pleasantly situated House in Frogg-Lane, two Rooms on a Floor, and two Stories high, with a good Yard, Garden and fine Well of Water. Also a valuable Piece of Land, measuring 50 Feet in Front upon the Street leading into the Common, and 160 odd Feet deep. Inquire of the Printers.

Cash given for good POT-ASH,
By *George Erving.*

Whereas the Proprietor's Meeting of *New Concord*, in the Province of *New-Hampshire*, stands adjourned to the 21st of *May*, 1766. These therefore are to warn the Proprietors and Settlers, to meet at Mr. *Thomas Munroe*'s in *Concord*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and Province of the *Massachusett-Bay*, on said Day, at 10 o'Clock Forenoon, to chuse a Proprietor's Clerk and Treasurer, and sundry other Articles in the Warrant issued for these Purposes.

HENRY PRICE, *Moderator.*

THE Commissioners, appointed by the Honorable *Foster Hutchinson*, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of *Suffolk*, to receive and examine the Claims of the several Creditors to the Estate of Mr. *John Morley*, late of *Boston*, Merchant, deceased, represented Insolvent—Give Notice, that they shall attend that Service at the House of Mr. *Thomas Hubbart*, in King-street, *Boston*, on the Fourth Tuesday in this and the five following Months, from Seven to Nine o'Clock, P. M. *Boston, April* 8, 1766.

Theſe are purſuant to a Requeſt to me directed, to notify and warn all the Proprietors of the *Narraganſet* Township, No. *Four*, lying partly at *Greenwich*, and partly West of and adjoining to *Hatfield*, that they aſſemble and meet together at the Dwelling House of Capt. *Jeremiah Powers*, in said *Greenwich*, Innholder, on Monday the Sixteenth Day of *June* next, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, to act on the following Articles. 1. To chooſe a Moderator. 2dly. To chooſe a Proprietor's Treaſurer, the preſent Treaſurer being deſirous to be diſmiſſed. 3dly. To ſee if the Proprietors will agree to ſell the Common and Undivided Land at Vendue, in Order to pay the Debts of ſaid Propriety. 4thly. To do any other Buſineſs that may be thought advantageous to ſaid Proprietors. Dated at *Greenwich*, this 14th Day of *April A. D.* 1766.

JOSEPH MOFFAT, Prop'rs Clerk.

Wierſtown, in the Province of New Hampſhire, March 10, 1766.

Whereas Ann, *the Wife of me the Subſcriber, has abſented my Houſe and Bed: For theſe and many other Reaſons, I hereby forwarn all Perſons from harbouring or truſting her on my Account; for I declare I will not pay any Debt ſhe may contract after the Date hereof. As Witneſs my Hand.*

JAMES CLEMENTS.

Boſton, Printed by EDES & GILL,

* Strange, y the Ministers of the Merciful Jesus, should be for Carrying the Stamp act with Fire & Sword!
One of the greatest Enemies & the Colonies is Bishop Warburton, who was among the above 11 against y Repeal, and
= vide page 433 = vide page 38. 11111111111 vide the act pa. 53

SUPPLEMENT to the *Boston-Gazette*, &c. of

MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1766.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

We rely on your Candour to inſert the following Notice, which we think ourſelves bound in Juſtice to Truth and Reputation of the Church of Eng'land, to take, of a late ſcurrilous Piece publiſhed in the Supplement to your Gazette of April 7, 1766.

THE Inſinuation thrown out in this Piece, we aſſert to be chiefly falſe and groundleſs. The Author intimates that Mr. Walter's preaching at Dedham, was in Conſequence of ſome Uneaſineſs in the Diſſenting Congregation there, from which the Church People expected to reap ſome Advantage: This is altogether untrue—Mr. Walter's preaching here was intirely accidental, and not known to the Church People in Dedham, till after he engaged to come here. He was aſked by the Miniſter who has the Care of this Church; and only by Way of friendly Aſſiſtance.—It is intirely untrue that the Perſon who is ſaid to have attended the Pariſh Meeting here, ſpake any Thing concerning any Jarr or Contention he obſerved among them; as he had Buſineſs with ſeveral Perſons whom he expected to ſee at this Meeting, he attended, but did not either at or after the Meeting, concern himſelf with what was tranſacted there. The Notice which is ſaid to have been ſpread about this Town and Neighbourhood of Mr Walter's preaching here, is intirely miſrepreſented; ſeveral Families in the neighbouring Towns, and ſome in this Town, have deſired that whenever divine Service was performed in the Church here, they might know it; and it was neceſſary to inform ſeveral Families of the Church Profeſſion at Stoughton, who always attend here: Theſe, as there was Opportunity, were notified; but no ſuch extraordinary Pains were taken, as this abuſive Author would ſuggeſt, to bring the Diſſenters to Church on this Occaſion. And it is as falſe, as it is mean and baſe in him, to inſinuate that any Perſons were courted to give us their Company in Expectation of a good Dinner, and the like. Nor was there any formal Agreement about a Dinner, &c.

We only thought it neceſſary to take ſome Care that the Gentleman who preached for us ſhould be accommodated as well as we were able, and had not the leaſt Thoughts of any further ſpecial Proviſion.

It is further falſly and baſely inſinuated by this Writer, That the Parſon who bequeathed the Eſtate in this Town to the Church, was either incapable, or under any unbecoming Influence in this generous Donation: His Will was drawn by that honeſt and eminent Lawyer, Mr. Prat. The Witneſſes to it are, Joſeph Richards, Eſq; Eliphalet Pond, Eſq; and Benjamin Holden; two of them are ſtill living; and abundant other Teſtimony can be produced, that the Bequeſt was the deliberate Deſign and Reſolution of the Deceaſed.

Nothing can be more falſe, as well as baſe, than one further Inſinuation of this Reviler, which is, That at the Time of Mr. Walter's Preaching here, any of the Members of the Church were guilty of Intemperance. He is now challenged, and ſolemnly called upon, to prove that there was any Conduct in thoſe whom he refers to at that Time, unbecoming the Reverence due to the Lord's Day, or the public Duties of it which were attended.

Upon the whole, we beg leave to aſſert, that the utmoſt Care is uſed by the Members of the Church of England in this Town, to preſerve Harmony and Charity with our Brethren the Diſſenters, and to avoid all Occaſion of Offence—Though our Number is but ſmall, yet it is not ſo ſmall as is repreſented; and as we have a Church built here, we have, as often as we can obtain it, divine Service performed here, in which our Brethen of the neighbouring Town of Stoughton always unite with us. We aſk none elſe but thoſe who deſire to be notified; thoſe that attend otherwiſe are led by their own Inclinations or Curioſity. We have for Years paſt peaceable and quietly paid our reſpective Taxes to the Pariſh here, tho' we do not attend the Worſhip, as we are now attended by a Miniſter as often as can be conveniently; the Law of the Province entitles him to our Rates; and we think we can produce the Teſtimony of the principal Perſons among the Diſſenters here, that they except not to our Conduct herein; and that they have not Room to charge us with any unjuſtifiable Methods to promote the Church in this Town.

The Author who has thus aſperſed the Church and Conduct of the Members of it in this Town, deſerves much ſeverer Animadverſions for his moſt injurious Treatment, than we are diſpoſed to paſs upon him. What we have aſſerted in Anſwer to him, we ſtand ready to prove; and heartily pray that he may have Grace to repent of this his Wickedneſs, and that it may pleaſe God to forgive him.

Dedham, April 17, 1766. (a) EZEKIEL KINGSBERRY,
JOSHUA KINGSBERRY,
Members of the Church of Eng'land in Dedham.

JOHN GRIFFITH

Oppoſite *William Vaſſall*, Eſq;

OPENS School this Day to teach Miſſes Spelling, Writing, and Arithmetic from 11 to 12 in the Morning and 5 to 6 in the Evening —— Thoſe who intend to ſend their Sons are deſired to be ſpeedy as his Number is almoſt comp'eat. Boſton, April 14, 1766.

To be Sold by Richard Clarke,

At his Store near the Long-Wharff;

South-Carolina Sole Leather,

Deer-Skins, in the Hair, and Indian dreſt, Hogs Lard, Tallow, New Philadelphia Flour, Hemp &c.

All Perſons indebted to *James Suffum* on Notes of Hand or Book Debts, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, or they may expect to be ſued next *June*; which they may prevent, by paying what is due, and very much oblige their Friend.

Salem, April 5, 1766. JAMES BUFFUM.

TO BE SOLD,

At the *BROKER's STORE*, the Corner of *Kilby*-Street; Several Ships and ſmaller Veſſels (by private Sale) Cordage, Ruſſia Duck, Burford Cod Lines, beſt Hyſon and Bohea Tea, Loaf Sugar, Florence Oyl per Cheſt or Flaſk, *Young's* Muſtard per Box or Dozen, Cheſhire Cheeſe, a few Pipes Fyal Wines, a few Barrels of Mackrel, a few of Tar, *Carolina* and this Country Sole Leather, Boxes of Glaſs, 7 by 5, 7 by 9, 10 by 8, very neat, Cyder by the Barrel or Quantity, an Invoice of about £ 100 Sterling, conſiſting of Stone, Shoe and Knee Buckles, plain Gold & Stone Rings, Broaches, very neat Watch Seals, Stone Sleeve Buttons, &c. at the Sterling Coſt, a Quantity of Hams and Fletches of Bacon, *Kippen's* Snuff by Caſk or Dozen, &c. cheap for Caſh Wanted for the Caſh, two good Veſſels, from 100 to 120 Tons.

TO BE SOLD,

A Double Deck'd Veſſel, about 115 Tons, ſtanding on the Stocks, almoſt finiſh'd, may be made a Schooner or Brig. For Particulars, enquire of *Joſeph Webb*, on *Phillips's* Wharf, Oliver's-Dock. Who has likewiſe to diſpoſe of, about 90 Barrels Alewives, a Quantity of Lignum-Vitæ Alſo a few Hogſheads of *Antigua* Rum & Sugar.

POT ASH KETTLES of the beſt Kind as uſual.

All Perſons indebted to *Benjamin Adams*, (who now lives near the *Tree of Liberty*) by Book or Note, are deſired to make ſpeedy Pay; and all to whom he is indebted, are deſired to call on him for their Dues, as he intends ſoon to leave the Province.—A Dwelling Houſe, with a good Shop, Yard and Pump, in a good Place for Trade, to be Sold, inquire of ſaid *Adams*.—*N. B.* The Pay will be made eaſy to the Purchaſer.

To be Sold, a large double Houſe and Land, with four Rooms on a Floor, beſides a Shop, it is ſituate in Fiſh-ſtreet, a very good Place for Buſineſs, very convenient for two Families, is in good Repair, and will Rent for £. 300 O. T. a Year, which is about Nine per Cent. A Farm in the Country within 30 Miles of *Boſton*, will anſwer for Pay; or half Money half Goods, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer. Inquire of the Printers.

Wanted to Hire, 600 Dollars, for which Land Security will be given, by inquiring of the Printers hereof.

Notice is hereby given to the Proprietors and Owners of the Towſhip of *Thomlinſon*, in the Province of *New York* that are delinquent in paying their Taxes that has been granted and laid on each Right in ſaid Township, that ſo much of their Lands as is ſufficient to pay their Taxes, with the Charges thereof, will be ſold at a public Vendue, at the Houſe of the Widow *Eliſabeth Gilbert*, Innholder in *Littleton*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and Province of the *Maſſachuſetts Bay* in N. E. which Sale is to begin on Wedneſday the 14th Day of *May* next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, and to continue from Day to Day, by Adjournment, 'till all is ſold, unleſs prevented by Payment to me *Robert Whitcomb*, Collector for *Thomlinſon* per Order of the Proprietors,

Littleton, March 21, A. D. 1766. *Oliver Corey*, *Eleazer Lawrence*, *Peter Read*, Committee

To be Sold, a few Buſhels of Hemp-Seed, of laſt Year's Growth; alſo about 30 or 40 yards of well-dreſſed Homeſpun Cloth, for Mens Summer Cloathing, enquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD BY

John & William Powell,

At Store No. 14 on Long-Wharf.

Philadelphia Flour, & beſt Barr-Iron. ALSO,

Lisbon Salt, for which Fiſh will be taken in Pay the enſuing Fall.

Imported in Capt. *Freeman* from *London*, and to be ſold

By Suſanna Renken,

In Fore Street, near the Draw-Bridge, *BOSTON*,

Large Marrowfats, early Charlton, early Hotſpur, Golden Hotſpur, blue Marrowfats and crooked Peas; large Windſor, early Hotſpur and early Liſbon Beans; early yellow, ſcarlet and orange Carrots; early Dutch early Yorkſhire, early Batterſea early Sugar Loaf, red and large Winter Cabbage; early and late Colly-flower; green and yellow Savoy; Sallery; green and white Endive; Salmon and Scarlet London Radiſh; beſt curl'd Pepper-Graſs; Summer and Winter Spinonage; curl'd and Hambo Parſley; Cabbage; white Goſs and Imperial Lettuce; early and late Cucumber, long Turkey ditto; early & late Turnips; Summer and Winter Savory; Hyſſop; Thyme; Sweet Marjoram and Baum; Lavender and Roſemary; Hemp, Canary and Rape Seed; Red and white Clover; Red Top and Herds Graſs Seed.

Imported in the laſt Ships, and Captain *Freeman*, from *LONDON*, and to be Sold by

Lydia Dyar,

Near the Salutation, *Boſton*,

A freſh Aſſortment of Garden Seeds, *viz.*

EArly Charlton, early Hotſpur, golden Hotſpur, large Marrowfats, Dwarf ditto, large Rounceval, early Ormorod, Hotſpur, Spaniſh and Maratta Peas; early Hotſpur, early Dwarf, Windſor, early Margon and Liſbon Beans; early Dutch and early Yorkſhire Cabbage, green and curl'd Savoy, Batterſea, Sugar Loaf large Winter and red Cabbage Seeds, large Colliflower early ditto, Sweet Marjoram, Thyme, Summer Savory, Sage, Baum, Hyſſop, Orange Purple and early golden Carrot, white Spaniſh Sivelr and red Onion, ſwelling Parſnip, curl'd double Parſley, ſhort-top Raddiſh, Salmon Raddiſh, Cabbage, Goſs, Marble and ſeveral other Sorts of Lettuce, curl'd Endive, Salary, round Summer Spinnage, red and white Clover and Herds Graſs Rape, Hemp, Canary and other Sorts of Seeds, warranted to be good, and of laſt Year's Growth, ſold at the loweſt Terms.

IMported in the laſt Ships from LONDON, and to be Sold by *ANNA JOHNSON*, at her Shop, at the Head of Black Horſe Lane, near the Rev. Mr. *Pemberton's* Meeting Houſe, at the North End;—A very large Aſſortment of *Garden Seeds, Peas and Beans*; all which are warranted to be as good as any imported, as they came directly from the beſt Seedſman in *London*. Alſo, Red and white Clover, Rye Graſs, Red Top, Herds Graſs, La Lucern, Flax, Hemp and Canary Seed, Split Peas by large or ſmall Quantities.

N. B. A fine Aſſortment of Flower Seeds.

ALL Perſons that have been Deceived in purchaſing bad Garden Seeds, may be ſupplied with Seeds warranted good, and a third cheaper than any ſold in Boſton—— Alſo Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Gooſberries, Currant Buſhes, Aſparagus Plants, and Seed of the largeſt and earlieſt Sort—— Alſo a large Quantity of Sallery, Cabbage and Colliflower Plants in their Seaſon, and Flower Plants, and Seeds of various Sorts, &c by WILLIAM DAVIDSON, Gardener from London, in Seven Star Lane, Boſton.

James McElroy,

On *Doble's* Wharf, near the Old North Meeting Houſe,

HEreby informs the Public, That he will engage to make and mend Anvils, as good and as well as any imported—Alſo Gold ſmiths and Brazjers Tools of all Sorts, (which he will warrant) at a reaſonable Rate.

who greatly defame the Colonies vide pag. 640. Bishop of Landaff
(a) vide pa. 410. ‖ vide page 378. another Enemy, vide Report for 1768 Vol. 2 pa. 43

To be Sold by *William Maxwell*, in *King Street* — *Velvet Corks, Cyder, Rum and old Jamaica and Lime Spirit; Brandy, Wine; Loaf and Brown Sugars; and sundry other Articles cheap for Cash.*

CANDLES from 4 to 20 to the Pound, fit for Illumination, to be sold by *Shubael Hewer* next House Northward of the Governor's

---

The 3d of *April* Instant, came to the Barn of the Subscriber in *Lyn*, a black hip'd Roan Mare, with the Saddle and Bridle on, the Saddle was old, with a blue Housen, and an old Hatt tied to the Saddle. —— Whoever has lost the said Mare, by applying to the Subscriber, and paying Charges, may have her again. JOHN HAWKES.

Taken out of the Shop of the Subscriber, near the White Horse Tavern, South End, last Friday, two Beaver Hatts, supposed to be stolen. Any suspicious Person offering the same for Sale, it is desired they may be stopt.—Any one who can give Information, so that the Person who took them may be convicted, shall be well rewarded, by

LAZARUS LeBARON.

N. B. Hatts of all Sorts made and Sold at said Shop.

To be Sold very cheap,—A well-built Sloop, about 70 Tons Burthen, between 4 & 5 Years old; suitable for Whale Fishery or Coasting, and a prime Sailor: Inquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

A Large convenient Dwelling House in *Haverhill*, within 10 Rods of the Meeting-House, with three Rooms and a Shop upon a Floor, with a Warehouse and Barn, a large Garden, and a good Well of Water, suitable for a Trader. For further Particulars, inquire of

Benjamin Harrod, of *Boston*, or
Peter Page, of *Haverhill*.

WHEREAS the proprietors of the township formerly granted by the Great and General Court to *Jonathan Powers* and others, lying back of *North-Yarmouth*, in the county of *Cumberland*, (called *New-Boston*) at their meeting (legally warned) on the 10th of December last, voted that the sum of *five poundi* be laid as a tax on each right in the township, to be paid by each proprietor in one month from that time, to defrey the charge of building and finishing the mills in the said township, and paying off the arrears of the propriety. And whereas some of the proprietors are still delinquent in paying the said tax, and some former taxes:

THESE are therefore to notify such delinquent proprietors, and all others, That the rights of those persons (who are delinquent in paying said tax, and any former taxes) or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to satisfy the same, with contingent charges, will be sold at publick vendue at the British Coffee House in *Boston, New-England*, on the seventh Day of *May* next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon. The rights that are delinquent are those that belong to the following lots in the first division, *viz.*

N°. 1 belonging to *Joseph Calef*
9 —— to *Isaac Mills*
11 —— to *Gersham Williams*
17 —— to *Joseph Calef*
19 —— to *Joseph Calef*
21 —— to *Samuel Hewer's* Heirs
23 —— to *Thomas Oxnard's* Heirs
21 —— to *John Beveridge*
28 —— to *Jonathan Powers's* Heirs
30 —— to *Samuel Hewer's* Heirs
46 —— to *Joseph Calef*
53 —— to *Samuel Hewer's* Heirs
55 —— to *Henry Price*
63 —— to *William* and *James Jackson*.

Boston, April 3, 1766. *Joshua Henshaw*, *John Ruddock*, *Thomas Gray.* } Committee for Sale of Delinquent Proprietors Lands.

We the Subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. Nathaniel Ropes, *Esq; Judge of Probate of Wills, &c. for the County of* Essex, *to receive and examine the Claims of the several Creditors to the Estate of* William Eppes, *Esq; late of* Salem, *deceas'd, represented insolvent, and six Months being allowed said Creditors from the Date hereof, to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts.—WE hereby notify said Creditors that we will attend that Business on the last Wednesday of this Instant* April, *and on the last Wednesday of the five next ensuing Months, at the House of Mr.* Thomas Somerville, *Innholder in* Salem, *from Three o'Clock Afternoon, until Six, of said Days.*

Salem, 8th April 1766. John Nutting, Nathan Goodale.

CASH, and a good Price given, for

POT-ASH,

By *William Dennie*,

At his Store, lower End of King Street, Boston.

Where is to be Sold,

English Goods, choice Indigo, Bohea Tea, Spices, Pepper, Pimento, Hemp Cordage, Russia, Ravens and English Duck, Ticklingburg and Osnabrigs, Window Glass, Lead, Shot, Nails, long and short Pipes, Kippen's Snuff, Starch, Philadelphia Flour and Iron, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD,

About 600 Acres of very good Land, at No 5. Inquire of *Samuel Minot*, Goldsmith, near the Draw-Bridge, *Boston*.

A BOOK LOST.

Whoever may have borrowed—*Military Devotion*, published by the Rev. *William Agar*: red Morocco bound, dedicated to his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, with the Expedition at the End; are desired to return the said Book or Mr. *Mein*, Bookseller, in King-Street, *Boston*.

ALL Persons any Way indebted to the Estate of *Zabdiel Boylston*, Esq; deceased, are again desir'd to pay their respective Debts before *July* next, to *John Boylston*, Administrator on said Estate, which may prevent any Expence they may incur from the Neglect thereof.

To be sold by said *John Boylston*, Several Lots of Land in Essex and Pond-Street, very convenient for Tradesmen, and four Brick Tenements near the Rev. Mr. *Cooper's* Meeting-House: Also Hemp and Tortuga Salt, all very reasonably.

Ran-away the 11th Instant, from me the Subscriber, an Indian Man, named *Daniel Thomas*, about 18 Years of Age—Had on when he went away, a Leather round Hat, brown Jacket, Woolen Shirt, Pair Deerskin Breeches, good Pair nail'd Shoes, and has a Cut upon his Knee Pan. Whoever shall take up said Indian, and bring him to the Subscriber, shall have One Dollar Reward, by me,

DANIEL MORSE.

All Masters of Vessels and others are hereby caution'd against harbouring, concealing or carrying off said Servant. *N. B.* Said Run-away stole and carried off a Gun with him. *Natick, March* 31, 1766.

TO BE SOLD,

(By Order of the General Court)

THE Real Estate of *John Joy*, late of *Sherburn*, deceas'd, consisting of a Farm lying in *Sherburn*, containing 160 Acres of good Land, with a good House and two Barns thereon—Also a Piece of Land lying in *Hingham*, at *Great-Hill*, so called, containing 21 Acres——Any Person inclined to Purchase, are desired to apply to Captain *John Joy*, of *Boston*, who is impowered to sell the same. *April* 7, 1766.

TO BE LETT,

A convenient Dwelling-House, three Story high, two Rooms on a Floor, a good Pump, Yard and Garden, situated in a pleasant Part of the Town; inquire of Edes and Gill.

JANE SAVELL acquaints her Customers, that she has got some choice good BACON, and pickled Mangoes, Cucumbers, and Ketchup by the Bottle, to dispose of, opposite *Bromfield's*-Lane in Marlborough-Street.

TO BE LETT,

A Large convenient Brick Store, with a Shed, Yard Room, and Well of Water, situate in Brattle-Street, opposite Mr. *Cooper's* Meeting-House, lately improv'd by Messi'rs *Green* & *Walker*, enquire of Edes & Gill.

TO BE LETT,

A Convenient Dwelling-House, with two Rooms and a Kitchen on a Floor, with a good Well of Water that will wash, and pav'd Yard, together with a Stable, and other Conveniencies, next to *Samuel Winthrop's*, Esq; New-Boston; inquire of Edes & Gill for further Particulars.

A Very good and large Brick House, consisting of two Tenements almost new, with very good Accommodations, situate in Williams's Court, inquire of *Green & Boylston*, or *John Rowe*. *Boston, April* 7, 1766.

Just Imported and Sold by

Samuel Fletcher,

At his Shop just below the Draw-Bridge;

BEST *Bohea* and *Hyson* TEA, Sal petre, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Mace and Cloves, New Raisins, best French Indigo, Powder and Stone Blue, Poland Starch per Cask or less, Florence Oil in half Chests, Young's Pallings and best Durham Mustard per Box or less, Kippio's best Snuff, Boxes of 15 and 18 inch London TD Pipes, Copperas, Castile Soap, Hogsheads Stone Lime, Wines in qr. Casks, Setts of painted Sugar Chests, very neat Baskets for China, Linnen, Knives for Fruit, japan'd Bread Baskets and japan'd Salvers of all Sizes, japan'd Cans, and Tobacco Boxes, and Snuff Boxes, Brass and French Plate Candlesticks, neat Tea Kettles and Lamps, japan'd Coffee Pots, very neat Brass Arms, fashionable Chineas, Ivory and Buck Knives & Forks, Penknives and Cuttoes, Pinchbec Buckles, Seals, metal Buttons, best Steel Snuffers, and Cork-screws, Tweezer Cases, Sleeve Buttons, Mens best Letter Cases, neat Mahogony square and round Trays, Tea Chests, Floor Brushes, Temple Spectacles, Combs, Thimbles, and Folding Sticks. Best blue and white enamel'd China Cups and Saucers, China Plates and Dishes of all sizes, China Punch Bowls, blue and white and burnt China of all sizes, China Butter Boats and Plates, China Salts, China Teapots, China Fish Dishes, and a fine assortment of round Dishes, large and small oval Dishes, Sallad and Pudding Dishes, Coffee Cups and Setts of China Tea Ware, plain and flower'd Decanters, Wine Glasses, Tumblers, Crewets, Jelly Glasses, Glass Salvers, Smelling Bottles, Cans, Cyder Glasses, and all sorts of Glass, China and Stone Ware, to compleat an assortment, Crates of Apothecary's Phials.

All sold cheap for Cash.

Where Ladies may find as compleat an Assortment as at any Store in Town.

Any Person that wants to hire half a Tanyard, and Part or the whole of a Dwelling House, and some Land, conveniently and pleasantly situated in *Newton*, 8 Miles from *Boston*, or to enter into Partnership with the Owner of said Premises, may hear the Particulars by inquiring of Lieut. *Michael Jackson*, in *Newton* aforesaid.

N. B. Any Person that does not understand the Tanner's Business, may enter into Partnership, on a reasonable Consideration.

A Quantity of choice *Jamaica* FISH to be Sold: Inquire of *Samuel Hughes*, in King-Street.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

New Haven, March 27. 1766.

RUN away, from Doris Van Wyck of Oyster Bay, on Long Island, a Negro Man, named Dick, but now calls himself John Dickerson; He is of a middle Stature, has a wildish whitish Look with his Eyes, especially when frightned, a likely Fellow, about forty Years of Age. He talks as if he has a Cold, and had on when he went away grey yarn Stockings, Pumps, large Silver Buckles, blue Broad Cloth Breeches, a blackish thickset Jacket, a whitish Broad Cloth Coat, and a grey Homspun great Coat, a Cap and a large Beaver Hat, cock'd. About a Fortnight ago he went over Milford Ferry, with a false dirty Pass all written by one Hand, with the Names of 6 or 7 Long Island Justices of the Peace, at the Bottom. He enquired the Road to Boston and 'tis supposed he is gone that Way, to see an Acquaintance. Whoever secures the said Negro so that his Master may have him again, shall have Five Dollars Reward, and all reasonable Charges. And 'tis desired he may be delivered to Michael Peck, of Milford, living at the Ferry, who will pay the Reward and Charges, for the said

DORIS VAN WYCK.

Mary Phillips,

TAKES this Opportunity to inform the Public, That she has opened a School near Christ Church, and will teach young Ladies to Sew at *Three Shillings* per Week, and Marking, Irish and Ten Stitch, and Embroidering; and will also take young Ladies to Board, or Half Board, at a reasonable Rate.

To be Sold, (for no Fault) a likely Negro Girl, about 19 Years of Age, who can do all Sorts of House Work, and can be well recommended: Inquire of Edes and Gill.

To be Sold, a Negro Woman, who can do any Houshold Work, and is a good Cook. She does not chuse to live in the Country. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street*. 1766.